## BACHELOR OF COMPUTER APPLICATIONS (BCA) (Revised)

## 16542 Term-End Examination

June, 2017

## BCS-040 : STATISTICAL TECHNIQUES

Time: 2 hours
Maximum Marks : 50

## Note:

(i) Attempt both sections, i.e., Section A and Section B.
(ii) Attempt any four questions from Section $A$.
(iii) Attempt any three questions from Section $B$.
(iv) Use of non-scientific calculator is allowed.

## SECTION A

1. Data of rainfall were collected to study the rainfall patterns in 50 different areas of a state and are given in the following table :

| 166 | 154 | 168 | 217 | 199 | 168 | 205 | 201 | 173 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 192 | 157 | 224 | 160 | 209 | 203 | 182 | 182 | 151 |
| 191 | 188 | 226 | 176 | 228 | 182 | 228 | 186 | 229 |
| 219 | 220 | 189 | 188 | 179 | 199 | 150 | 190 | 215 |
| 207 | 211 | 228 | 204 | 195 | 221 | 206 | 215 | 218 |
| 168 | 183 | 213 | 180 | 208 |  |  |  |  |

BCS-040 1
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Construct the continuous frequency distribution by considering intervals $150-160,160-170$, 170-180, etc. Also draw a Histogram.
2. The chances of catching cold by workers working in an ice factory during winter are $25 \%$. What is the probability that out of 5 workers, 4 or more will catch cold?
3. A quality controller selected 50 laptops from the production line, each day over a period of 10 days to monitor the manufacturing process. Fifty laptops were inspected for defectives and the number of defective laptops found each day was recorded and given in the following table:

| Day | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. of <br> defective <br> laptops | 3 | 4 | 4 | 10 | 4 | 2 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 6 |

Construct a suitable control chart and interpret the results.
4. (a) Differentiate between estimator and estimate with examples.
(b) A manager of a bulb manufacturing company tests a random sample of 100 bulbs and determined the average life to be 300 hours and standard deviation 50 hours. Obtain $99 \%$ confidence interval for the average life of the bulbs. (Given that $Z_{0.005}=2.58$ )
5. (a) Distinguish between random sampling and non-random sampling.
(b) The monthly income (in thousands) of five workers in a small company is as follows :

$$
25,20,30,15,10
$$

How many samples of size 2 are possible, if we select the samples without replacement? Write all of them.
6. A computer chip manufacturer claims that at most $2 \%$ of the chips it produces are defective. To check the claim of the manufacturer, a researcher selects a sample of 250 of these chips. If there are eight defective chips among these 250 , test the null hypothesis that more than $2 \%$ of the chips are defective at $5 \%$ level of significance. Does this disprove the manufacturer's claim. (Given that $\mathrm{Z}_{0.05}=1.645$ )

## SECTION B

7. (a) What is time series ? Explain briefly the components of the time series with examples.
(b) In a company, cases of CPU are manufactured and the production for ten years is given below :

| Year | Production <br> (in 1000 <br> tonnes) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2001 | 26 |
| 2002 | 27 |
| 2003 | 28 |
| 2004 | 30 |
| 2005 | 29 |
| 2006 | 27 |
| 2007 | 30 |
| 2008 | 31 |
| 2009 | 32 |
| 2010 | 31 |

Determine the (i) 3-yearly, and (ii) 4-yearly centred moving averages.
8. A researcher wants to compare the waiting time of three hospitals (A, B and C). The time measured from the instant the patient arrives in the emergency room until the patient is attended to by a doctor is recorded in the following table :


Is there enough evidence that the average waiting times for a patient to meet a doctor in these hospitals are equal at $5 \%$ level of significance?
9. A company manufactures pipes of small diameter. Four observations of diameters of the pipes were taken periodically. The following table gives the values of four observations, taken 10 times during a working day :

|  | Observations |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sample <br> No. | I | II | III | IV |
| 1 | $4 \cdot 1$ | $4 \cdot 3$ | $4 \cdot 2$ | $4 \cdot 2$ |
| 2 | $4 \cdot 3$ | $4 \cdot 1$ | $4 \cdot 3$ | $4 \cdot 5$ |
| 3 | $4 \cdot 2$ | $4 \cdot 3$ | $4 \cdot 4$ | $4 \cdot 3$ |
| 4 | $4 \cdot 1$ | $4 \cdot 2$ | $4 \cdot 4$ | $4 \cdot 1$ |
| 5 | $4 \cdot 3$ | $4 \cdot 1$ | $4 \cdot 2$ | $4 \cdot 2$ |
| 6 | 4 | $4 \cdot 2$ | $4 \cdot 1$ | $4 \cdot 1$ |
| 7 | 4 | $4 \cdot 5$ | $4 \cdot 2$ | $4 \cdot 1$ |
| 8 | $4 \cdot 2$ | $4 \cdot 3$ | $4 \cdot 1$ | $4 \cdot 2$ |
| 9 | $4 \cdot 4$ | $4 \cdot 2$ | $4 \cdot 1$ | $4 \cdot 5$ |
| 10 | $4 \cdot 4$ | $4 \cdot 2$ | $4 \cdot 3$ | $4 \cdot 3$ |

Calculate the control limits for mean and range. (Given that $\mathrm{A}_{2}=0.729, \mathrm{D}_{3}=0, \mathrm{D}_{4}=2 \cdot 282$ )
10. The table given below shows the relation between the performances of students in Statistics and Computer Sciences. Test the hypothesis that the performance in Statistics is independent of the performance in Computer Sciences using 5\% level of significance. (Given that $\chi_{0 \cdot 05,4}^{2}=9 \cdot 49$ ) 10

|  | Computer Sciences |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | High <br> Grade | Medium <br> Grade | Low <br> Grade |
|  | Medium <br> Grade | 34 | 122 | 44 |
|  | Low Grade | 50 | 56 | 44 |

